

Year 2024

# GHG emissions report Baxter Freight





## **Foreword**

Congratulations on pursuing your climate journey. Greenly is proud to contribute to Baxter Freight's climate strategy, and support you on a path towards Net Zero.

This report synthesizes the results of your greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions assessment. It is a first step toward identifying reduction actions and helping you plan for the energy transition.

While offering some benchmarks to compare with other companies, a GHG emissions assessment is mainly used to identify ways to improve your global impact and to help you define a reduction trajectory. Achieving your decarbonization targets involves engaging your ecosystem of employees, customers and suppliers who will need to align with your new targets.

The evaluation of your emissions is in line with carbon accounting international standards as standardized by the GHG Protocol.

We are happy to support you on your journey. The entire Greenly team would like to thank you for your outstanding commitment.



Alexis Normand
CEO of Greenly



# Overview

Introduction

- Carbon accounting methodology
- GHG emissions assessment parameters
- Executive summary

## **Emissions report**

- · Results by scope
- Results by activity
- Focus by activity

## Focus on action plans

- Estimated impact
- Estimated costs
- Implementation step by step

## Conclusion - What's next?

- Summary of reduction actions
- Next steps

## **About Greenly**

· Our vision & team

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## **Appendix**

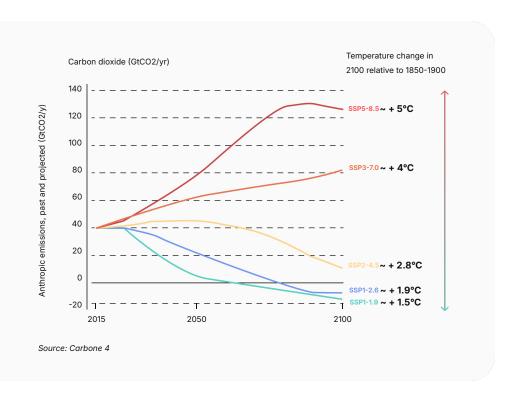
- Scope 1-2 details
- Scope 3 details



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## Why care about the energy transition

Regardless of our management of the environmental crisis, organizations and individuals are heading towards major upheavals that will affect entire ecosystems.



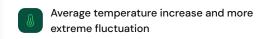
## Two types of disruptions Physical risks and Transition risks and constraints opportunities Impacted sectors Supply chain Market Production Infrastructure Legislation

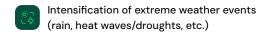


## | Physical risks...

#### **Definition**

Risks related to exposure to the physical consequences of global warming





- Sea level rise
- Scarcity of resources (especially energy), food and water insecurity
- Biodiversity collapse

## What are the consequences if I don't commit?

- 1 Deterioration of infrastructure, value chain losses
- 2 Direct economic consequences
- Low resilience to future events and physical constraints (e.g. natural disaster)
- Dependence on an increasingly fragile supply chain (availability and cost of resources, flexibility, fluctuation of fossil fuels)
- Disruptions in living conditions (housing, food, health, transport, etc.)



## | Transition risks (and opportunities)

### **Definition**

Risks related to the transition to a low-carbon economy



Regulatory developments and mitigation policies



Markets and sectors migrating towards promoting low-carbon value creation: Opportunities to seize Associated market risks



Growing stakeholder demands on environmental commitments



Shifting employee mindsets and expectations regarding the environmental reputation of their employer

## What are the opportunities if I commit?

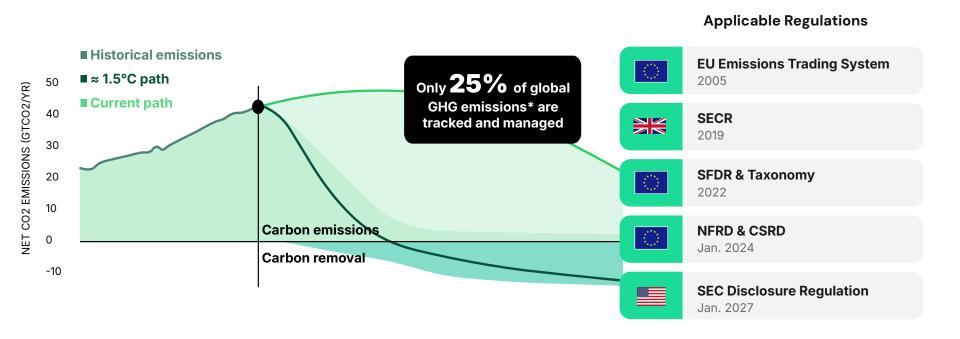
- 1 Optimization of flows and costs
- 2 More sustainable business activity and corporate strategy
- 3 Increased competitiveness within my ecosystem
- Resilience and autonomy of activities in the face of the new socio-economic paradigm
- 5 Lower exposure to legal and financial constraints and sanctions





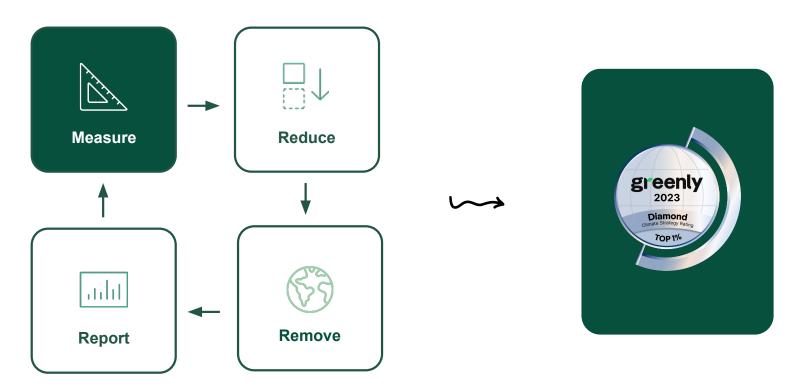
## It is critical to set a course for Net Zero

REACHING PLANETARY DECARBONIZATION GOALS IMPLIES THAT ALL BUSINESSES TRACK THEIR EMISSIONS, REGULATIONS ARE KICKING IN



## | Solving the Climate Equation

MEASURING EMISSIONS IS THE FIRST STEP TO SETTING A PATH TOWARDS NET ZERO





## Carbon accounting methodology

## Scope 1 | Direct emissions

GHG emissions generated directly by the organization and its activities.

**Examples:** combustion of fossil fuels, refrigerant leaks, etc.

## **Scope 2** I Indirect emissions related to energy consumption

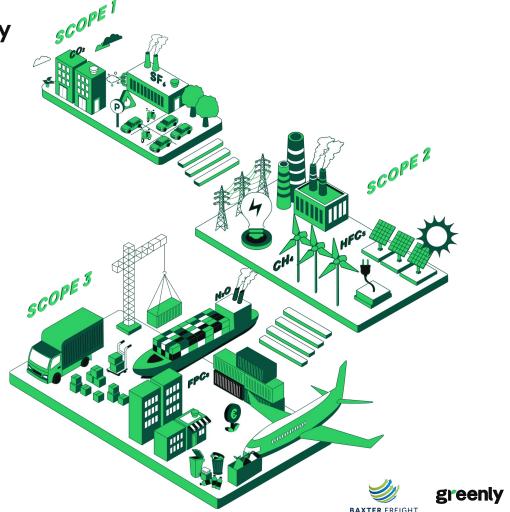
Emissions related to the organization's consumption of electricity, heat or steam.

Example: electricity consumption, etc.

## Scope 3 | Other indirect emissions

Emissions related to the organization's upstream and downstream operations and activities

**Example:** transportation, purchased goods and services, sold products, etc.



## How are emissions computed?

ANALYZING EMISSIONS, AUTOMATING TRACKING

8% of your emissions of 2024 are calculated using activity data

	Activity metrics x Emissions factors = CO2 Eq. Emissions		
Expense based	(\$) Total Expense 80 £	1.75 kgCO2e/£	140 kgCO2e
Increasing Accuracy*	Total Distance 600 miles	0.2 kgCO2e/mile	120 kgCO2e
Activity based	Total Fuel 40 gallons	2.8 kgCO2e/gallon	112 kgCO2e

**Emission Factor** Sources





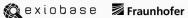














Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy





<sup>\*</sup>depending on the availability of data

## I GHG emissions assessment scopes

## **Entity**

Baxter Freight From January 2024 to December 2024

## **Primary data**

Accounting data
Employee survey
Buildings data
Activity data from the following modules: IT Inventory, Vehicle
Fleet

## Methodology

Official and approved GHG Protocol methodology; GWP 100

Emissions generated in and outside the country of operation are accounted for. The methodological details of the calculation of each carbon footprint source are available on the Greenly platform.

## Measurement scope All emissions under operational control

- ✓ Category included
- Category excluded
- **X** Category irrelevant

#### Scope 1

- ✓ 1.1 Generation of electricity, heat or steam
- ✓ 1.2 Transportation of materials, products, waste, and employees
- ✓ 1.3 Physical or chemical processing
- ✓ 1.4 Fugitive emissions

#### Scope 2

- ✓ 2.1 Electricity related indirect emissions
- ✓ 2.2 Steam, heat and cooling related indirect emissions

#### Scope 3

- ✓ 3.1 Purchased goods and services
- ✓ 3.2 Capital goods
- ✓ 3.3 Fuel- and energy- related activities not included in Scope 1 or Scope 2
- ✓ 3.4 Upstream transportation and distribution
- ✓ 3.5 Waste generated in operations
- ✓ 3.6 Business travel
- ✓ 3.7 Employee commuting
- ✓ 3.8 Upstream leased assets
- ✓ 3.9 Downstream transportation and distribution
- ✓ 3.10 Processing of sold products
- ✓ 3.11 Use of sold products
- ✓ 3.12 End-of-life treatment of sold products
- ✓ 3.13 Downstream leased assets
- ✓ 3.14 Franchises
- ✓ 3.15 Investments



## General overview

**KEY RESULTS - 2024** 

Absolute

**4k** tCO2e

\*

Per employee

**33** tCO2e

Employee number: 119



Per revenue

**125** tCO2e

Revenue : 32M€







# **Emissions Report**



## I General overview

**BREAKDOWN BY SCOPE - 2024** 



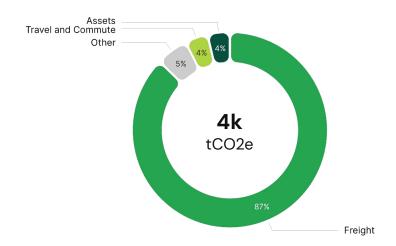


## | General overview

**RESULTS BY ACTIVITY** 

## Total emissions of Baxter Freight,

by activity (% tCO2e)



## Is equivalent to:



The amount of CO2 sequestered annually by 360 hectares of growing forest\*

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The annual emissions of 325 British people\*



2.3k London - New York round trips\*

	Absolute tCO2e	Per employee tCO2e/employee
Freight	3.5k	29
Travel and Commute	149	1.3
Assets	146	1.2
Digital	71	0.6
Energy	59	0.5
Services purchases	36	0.3
Others**	42	0.4

<sup>\*</sup>Sources: Labos1Point5, ExioBase, French National Forests Office





<sup>\*\*</sup>Food and drinks, Waste

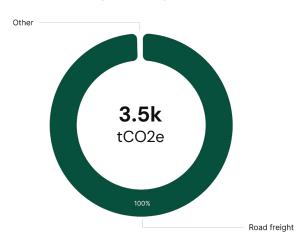
## | Focus on Freight

**Activity data** 0 tCO2e (0%)

Expense data 3.5k tCO2e (100%)

## Freight emissions by category

(% tCO2e)



87% of total

## What is included in this category?

CO2 emissions from freight transport, covering shipping, trucking, rail, and air cargo. Includes emissions from fuel combustion and production.



## How to reduce the impact of this category?

You can adopt the following measures:

- Decarbonize the last-mile freight
- Use of non-road modes of transport Rail freight
- Use of non-road modes of transport Sea freight See additional best practices in the action plans section

- Emissions calculated using expense data, by multiplying a quantity by an emission factor.
- The emission factors used for this category come from the following databases: Exiobase 3.8.2, Greenly 1.0
- Details of the methodology used to calculate each carbon footprint source are available on the Greenly platform.



## Focus on Travel and Commute

Activity data 89 tCO2e (60%) Expense data 60 tCO2e (40%)

## Travel and Commute emissions by category (% tCO2e)



3.8% of total

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## What is included in this category?

CO2 emissions from travel and commuting, covering various transportation modes. Includes direct fuel combustion and indirect fuel production emissions.



## How to reduce the impact of this category?

You can adopt the following measures: No actions selected for this category

- 1. Emissions calculated using activity and expense data, by multiplying a quantity by an emission factor.
- 2. The emission factors used for this category come from the following databases: Exiobase 3.8.2, Greenly 1.0, Uk GHG Conversion Factor 2024
- 3. Details of the methodology used to calculate each carbon footprint source are available on the Greenly platform.

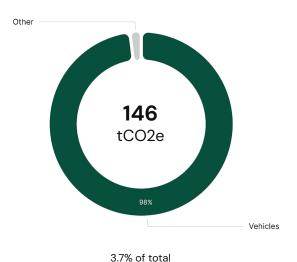




## Focus on Assets

Activity data 145 tCO2e (99%) Expense data 1.7 tCO2e (1%)

## Assets emissions by category (% tCO2e)





## What is included in this category?

CO2 emissions from capital assets, covering construction, operation, and maintenance. Excludes energy consumption during use and end-of-life emissions.



## How to reduce the impact of this category?

You can adopt the following measures: No actions selected for this category

- 1. Emissions calculated using activity and expense data, by multiplying a quantity by an emission factor.
- 2. The emission factors used for this category come from the following databases: Exiobase 3.8.2, Greenly 1.0
- 3. Details of the methodology used to calculate each carbon footprint source are available on the Greenly platform.



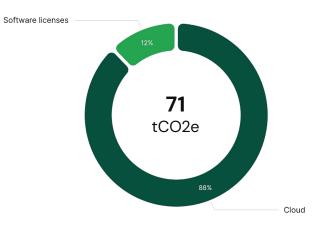
## | Focus on Digital

**Activity data** 0 tCO2e (0%)

Expense data 71 tCO2e (100%)

## Digital emissions by category

(% tCO2e)



1.8% of total

## What is included in this category?

CO2 emissions from digital activities, covering internet use, data storage, and cloud computing. Includes emissions from data centers, servers, and network infrastructure.



## How to reduce the impact of this category?

You can adopt the following measures: No actions selected for this category

- Emissions calculated using expense data, by multiplying a quantity by an emission factor.
- The emission factors used for this category come from the following databases: Company Report 1.0, Greenly 1.0
- Details of the methodology used to calculate each carbon footprint source are available on the Greenly platform.



# Focus on buildings





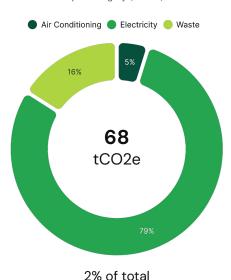
# Focus on Buildings



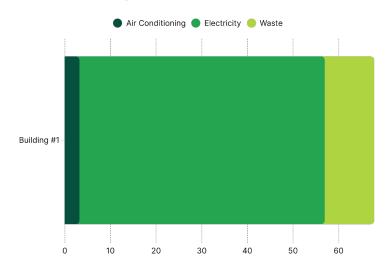
Activity emissions 65 tCO2e (95%) Estimated emissions 3.3 tCO2e (4.8%)

**ACTIVITY ANALYSIS** 

Total emissions per category (tCO2e)



Total emissions per building (tCO2e)



- 1. Emissions linked to heating and energy use are calculated by multiplying (where available) the building's electricity or gas consumption by an emission factor. Failing this, an estimate is calculated on the basis of building surface area, or even the number of employees when surface area is not provided.
- 2. Waste-related emissions are estimated on the basis of the number of employees.
- 3. Air-conditioning emissions correspond to refrigerant leaks (average estimate).





# Focus on employees



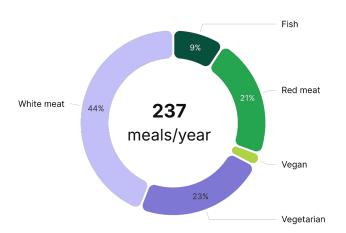


# Focus on Employees



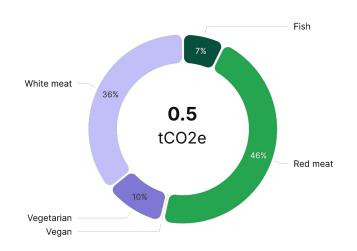
## Focus on Employee Meals

# Number of meals per employee per year (per diet)



## GHG emissions

(tCO2e / employee)



## Methodology

Analysis is based on the employee survey, which obtained a 100% response from your employees to whom the questionnaire was sent (107 responses).

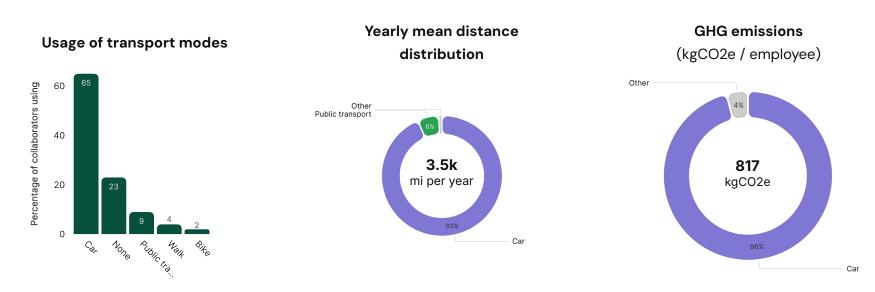
The data used to calculate meals-related emissions are from the French Agency for Ecological Transition (ADEME).

Meal emissions are not accounted for, this slide is only an analysis of the responses to the employee survey.





## | Focus on Employee Commute



On average, your employees travel 3.5k mi each year, emitting 817 kgCO2e for home-work commuting.

## Methodology

Analysis is based on the employee survey, which obtained a 100% response from your employees to whom the questionnaire was sent (107 responses). The data used to calculate commute-related emissions are from the French Agency for Ecological Transition (ADEME).

More details on the employees page of Greenly







# Focus on Action Plans



## How can I implement effective reduction actions?



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To meet global targets, emissions will have to fall by 3 to 7% per year\*. It's a tough target, but a necessary one!

#### WHAT ARE THE BEST PRACTICES FOR ACHIEVING THESE OBJECTIVES?

# Communicate Involve Engage Raise awareness

**COMMUNICATE** the results of your GHG assessment to all your teams so that they are on board with the process of reducing emissions.

**INVOLVE** management and find internal sponsors responsible for implementing reduction actions.

**ENGAGE** your ecosystem (suppliers and customers) and ask about their reduction strategy, in order to prioritise virtuous suppliers.

INCREASE your teams' awareness of climate change using our platform to alert and facilitate the implementation of your reduction actions.

These first steps will enable you to maximise your chances of success in implementing reduction actions.

#### WHAT REDUCTION MEASURES CAN MY COMPANY TAKE?

The reduction actions we recommend are selected with:

#### **AMBITION**

Some actions involve major changes, but they will bring you closer to achieving the global climate targets.

#### REALISM

The action plans are based on practical examples already implemented in other pioneering companies.

#### **EFFICIENCY**

Implementing them will have a real impact on your emissions in the short and long term.

# Freight



## Decarbonize the last-mile freight

## Freight

Globally, the last-mile accounts for up to half of total delivery carbon emissions. Decarbonizing last-mile freight aims to address the environmental impact of goods transportation in urban areas by implementing low-carbon alternatives. These include electric or bike freight solutions. Mutualizing delivery at parcel reception stores can also help avoid emissions by simplifying logistic flows - you can encourage your clients to choose this option!

#### **Benchmark**

Evri : Evri is exploring active delivery models for final-mile delivery solutions, particularly in urban and congested areas, resulting in an increase in productivity of around 13% and an 89% reduction in CO2 emissions.

Amazon: Amazon has been piloting e-bike delivery programs in urban areas where the distance between distribution centers and customers is relatively short. On top of environmental advantages, Amazon found that E-bikes offer advantages in terms of maneuverability and efficiency compared to larger vehicles, enhancing the overall efficiency of the delivery process.

#### **Estimated Impact**

A scenario built by the WEF (including EV usage for inner-city areas, pre- and post-working hours and nighttime deliveries, effective data-based connectivity solutions such as dynamic rerouting and load-pooling, and multi-brand parcel lockers and boxes) estimated a 30% reduction in last-mile emissions.

#### **Estimated Cost**

Cost of e-bike last mile delivery service vary greatly from region to region and are available mostly in bigger urban areas. Overall, service quality is improved: bike services are less likely to get stuck in the traffic and have capacities similar to trucks.

### Recommended Service Providers

Velove E-cargobike Fcofleet Finmile

#### Implementation

- ESTABLISH and start monitoring your KPIs (ex. percentage reduction in carbon emissions from last-mile delivery).
- CONDUCT an assessment of your current last-mile freight operations, including size of your fleet, vehicle types, delivery routes, and associated emissions. Evaluate the feasibility and potential impact of different decarbonization strategies. You can get ideas from the different transition scenarios built by the stakeholders, and timelines for

each initiative.

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## Use of non-road modes of transport - Rail freight

## Freight

Improving the environmental performance of freight transport involves not only the intrinsic optimization of road transport, but also the use of other complementary modes such as rail, river and sea. Each mode of transport has its own strengths and weaknesses. Combining several of these modes can, in some cases, achieve a better balance between cost, service quality and environmental impact.

#### **Benchmark**

IKEA: IKEA strives to switch from road to rail or sea transport for its goods, which significantly reduces CO2 emissions.

### **Estimated Impact**

According to an ADEME study:
Use of combined rail-road transport: 94%

#### **Estimated Cost**

Variable

#### Recommended Service Providers

Consult professional associations in the transport or logistics sector in your country. They may have lists of suppliers or recommendations.

#### Implementation

Analyze current modes of freight transport.

2 Explore non-road alternatives (rail, river, sea).

Adapt the mode of transport according to needs and environmental benefits.

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## Use of non-road modes of transport - Sea freight

## Freight

Improving the environmental performance of freight transport involves not only the intrinsic optimization of road transport, but also the use of other complementary modes such as rail, river and sea. Each mode of transport has its own strengths and weaknesses. Combining several of these modes can, in some cases, achieve a better balance between cost, service quality and environmental impact.

#### **Benchmark**

IKEA: IKEA strives to switch from road to rail or sea transport for its goods, which significantly reduces CO2 emissions.

### **Estimated Impact**

According to an ADEME study: Use of maritime solutions as a complement to road transport: 16%

#### **Estimated Cost**

Variable

#### Recommended Service Providers

Consult professional associations in the transport or logistics sector in your country. They may have lists of suppliers or recommendations.

#### Implementation

Analyze current modes of freight transport.

2 Explore non-road alternatives (rail, river, sea).

Adapt the mode of transport according to needs and environmental benefits.

## Select local suppliers

## **Freight**

By sourcing from local suppliers, the transportation distance for goods is typically shorter, reducing carbon emissions associated with transportation. In addition, collaborating with local suppliers often offers better visibility and control over the supply chain and better communication. It becomes easier to ensure compliance with environmental regulations (ex. Implementing a sustainable purchasing policy).

#### **Benchmark**

Danone prioritizes local sourcing, obtaining over 90% of fresh milk and more than 50% of plant-based ingredients within the country of product sales. They are actively expanding local sourcing, particularly for plant-based items, fruits & vegetables, and ingredients like sugar beet. This approach not only reduces carbon impact but also enhances transparency by informing consumers about the origins, producers, and manufacturing processes of their ingredients.

#### **Estimated Impact**

The carbon impact associated with freight varies depending on the distance and freight mode used by current suppliers compared to target suppliers.

Sourcing locally may have an additional environmental impact beyond delivery. Different countries have varying levels of environmental regulations. Opting for local suppliers may enable adherence to more stringent environmental standards, positively influencing the way the product is produced. This can lead to reduced emissions and a lower overall environmental footprint.

#### **Estimated Cost**

When implementing this action, keep an eye on the potential price differences in goods, and the reduction of delivery costs.

#### Recommended Service Providers

Consult professional associations in the transport or logistics sector in your country. They may have lists of suppliers or recommendations.

#### Implementation

- 1 ESTABLISH and start monitoring your KPIs (ex. percentage of local suppliers in your procurement portfolio).
- CONDUCT an assessment of your current supplier network and evaluate the feasibility of sourcing locally for different categories of goods.
- 3 START collaboration with local suppliers.

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## Work collaboratively with customers for better optimization

## **Freight**

This action leverages strategic partnerships to enhance supply chain efficiency and reduce environmental impact. By engaging directly with clients, the action focuses on integrating CO2 emissions considerations into logistics planning and execution. This collaborative approach enables tailored optimization of transport routes and modalities, potentially leveraging data-driven insights to minimize empty runs and consolidate loads. Check relevant industry benchmarks and tools to monitor and improve the carbon efficiency of your logistics operations.

#### **Benchmark**

Unilever: Unilever works with its suppliers and customers to optimize the supply chain, integrating environmental concerns such as reducing CO2 emissions.

#### **Estimated Impact**

**Direct Emission Reductions:** 

Optimizing routes and loads can directly decrease fuel consumption, leading to a significant reduction in CO2 emissions per trip.

**Indirect Benefits:** 

Enhanced operational efficiency may encourage more sustainable practices across the industry. Collaborative planning can also promote the adoption of greener technologies.

#### **Estimated Cost**

Time: Significant time investment is needed from both the company and its customers to analyze current operations, develop tailored solutions, and implement changes.

Personnel: Skilled personnel must be allocated to manage the collaboration, monitor progress, and analyze data.

Technology: Implementing real-time tracking systems, AI for route optimization, and other digital tools.

### Recommended Service Providers

Consult professional associations in the transport or logistics sector in your country. They may have lists of suppliers or recommendations.

#### Implementation

- EVALUATE the current logistics and freight operations to identify areas for CO2 emissions reduction and efficiency improvements.
- DEVELOP strategies such as shared freight services, route planning, and alternative scheduling to minimize less-than-full-load trips.
- Roll out the new logistics strategies in phases to monitor their effectiveness and make necessary adjustments based on real-time data.



# Conclusion



## Conclusion

The GHG assessment made it possible to identify Baxter Freight's main GHG emission sources so as to frame the company's carbon strategy and identify the items that need to be studied in greater depth with the aim of continuously improving the company's environmental impact.

It has been established that direct emissions (Scope 1) and energy-related indirect emissions (Scope 2) represent a small part of a company's impact. It is therefore essential to mobilize our company's suppliers and employees.

To meet the 2015 Paris Agreement target of a 50% reduction in GHG emissions between 2020 and 2030, we need to achieve a 6.3% reduction in emissions within one year (-248 tCO2e).

## The recommended next steps in Baxter Freight's carbon strategy are:

- 1 Study key emission sources in greater depth, if you opt for that. Your Climate Expert can help you decide between the different options available!
- 2 Establish GHG emission reduction targets and implement an action plan in order to achieve these targets.
- 3 **Engage your suppliers** using the Greenly supplier engagement tool.
- 4 Engage your employees using the interactive Greenly training quizzes.
- 5 **Communicate with your stakeholders** about your commitment and carbon footprint, your reduction targets and the action plan considered.
- 6 Contribute to certified GHG reduction / sequestration projects available on the Greenly platform.





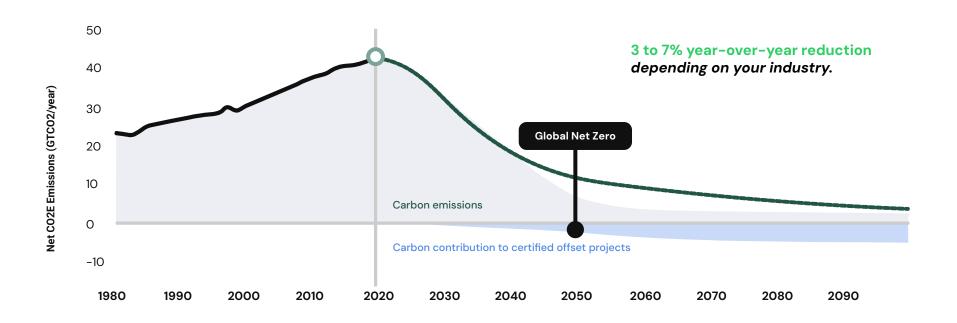


# What's next?



# Committing to a multi-year decarbonization strategy

A SUSTAINED EMISSIONS REDUCTION BASED ON THE LEVELS REQUIRED BY THE PARIS AGREEMENT





# How can I build my reduction trajectory?

THE 4 KEY STAGES IN DEFINING AND FOLLOWING YOUR TRAJECTORY

#### Refine your greenhouse gas emissions assessment

Your 2024 assessment is based on **8%** of physical data, the rest being financial data. We recommend that you regularly improve the accuracy of your greenhouse gas assessment by adding more physical data. You will be able to quantify and monitor your reductions with precise targets in km, kg, kWh, etc.

#### **Prioritize your actions** Calculate their reduction potential Monitor your results Feasible ■ Past emissions ■ Your trajectory without actions ■ Your trajectory with actions **P2 P1** Low impact **High impact** 220 kg 88 kg **P4 P3** CO2e CO<sub>2</sub>e Difficult Current scenario Future scenario Y1 Y2 Y3 (ex: 1000 kWh) (ex: 400 kWh) Place your actions on the matrix after identifying Monitor your progress regularly and measure Select the right KPIs before you start, then operational constraints in consultation with your your results during your annual GHG calculate the reduction potential. teams. assessment.

# The 5 Pillars of a Climate Strategy

DISCOVER THE 5 PILLARS BASED ON THE NET ZERO INITIATIVE

#### 1. Measure

- Track emissions annually
- Go deeper in the analysis of your main emission sources
- Carbon data analysis
- © CSRD
- LCA

#### 2. Reduce

- Choose an action plan in line with the Paris Agreement
- Quantify your action plan to build a carbon trajectory

Action Plan Tab

#### 3. Educate

- Engage your suppliers in your strategy
- Train your employees

- Supplier engagement
- Employee training

#### 4. Commit

- Commit to an objective
- Communicate transparently

Communication kit

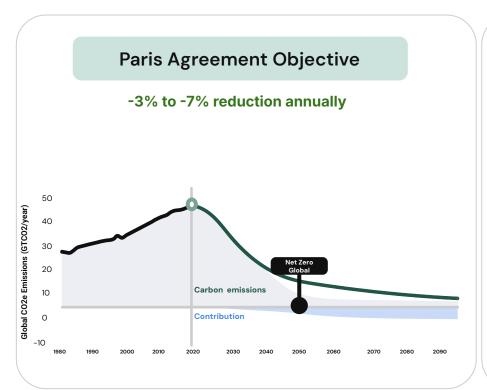
#### 5. Contribute

Contribute in carbon sequestration & avoidance projects to cover non compressive emissions

Carbon contribution

# Commit to a Multi-year Carbon Trajectory

A LONG-TERM REDUCTION IN EMISSIONS IN LINE WITH THE OBJECTIVES OF THE PARIS AGREEMENT OR YOUR PERSONAL OBJECTIVES





# Build Your Carbon Reduction Trajectory

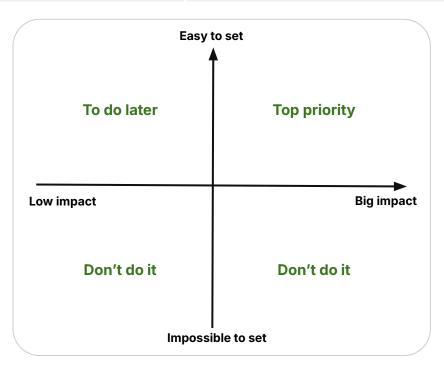
3 KEY STEPS TO BUILD YOUR TRAJECTORY

**Prioritize your actions** 

Calculate their reduction potential

Optimize your trajectory

- Bring together the stakeholders in your climate strategy
- Place the action suggestions from the Greenly report on the matrix after identifying their constraints
- Keep all feasible actions and prioritize those with the greatest impact

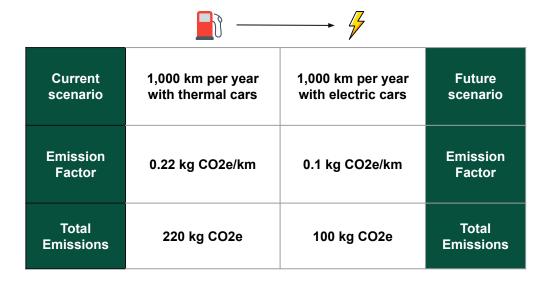


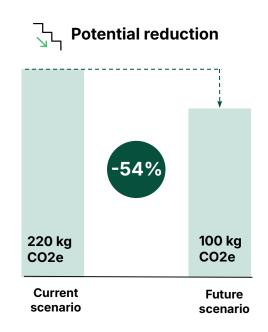
# | Build Your Carbon Reduction Trajectory

3 KEY STEPS TO BUILD YOUR TRAJECTORY

Prioritize your actions Calculate their reduction potential

Optimize your trajectory

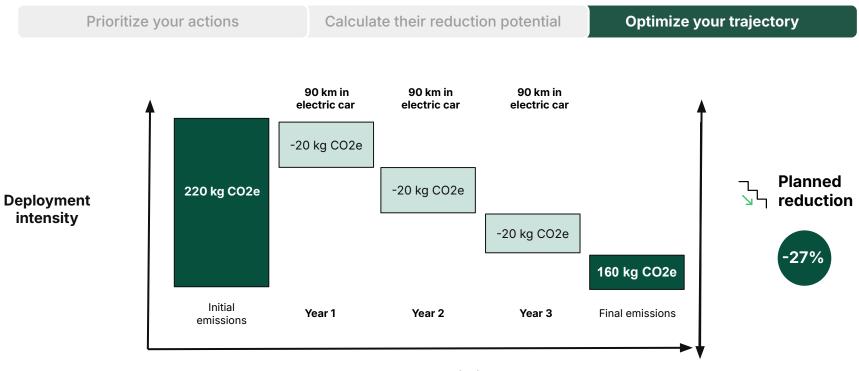






# | Build Your Carbon Reduction Trajectory

3 KEY STEPS TO BUILD YOUR TRAJECTORY



**Deployment timing** 

# | Greenly's communication support to highlight commitment



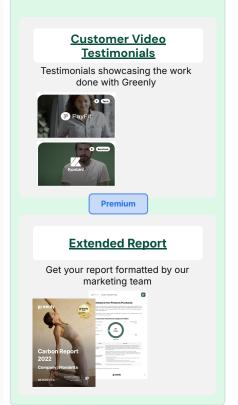














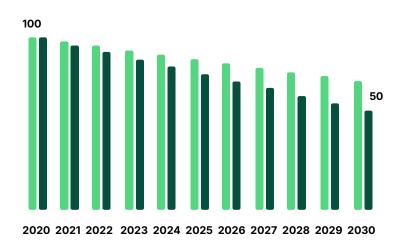


# I Engaging suppliers to align with the company's Net Zero targets

ENGAGE SUPPLY CHAIN VIA A DEDICATED SUSTAINABLE PROCUREMENT STRATEGY



# Reduction Trajectory Science Based Targets Aligned with 1.5°C & Well below 2.0°C







# | Maturity of climate strategy

YOUR GREENLY CLIMATE SCORE

#### **Greenly score criteria**



# Pioneers in the climate transition < 1% of companies (Score ≥ 75)



#### Responsible companies

5% of companies (Score 55 - 74)



#### Building a company in transition

15% of companies (Score 30 - 54)



#### Beginners committed to the transition

30% of companies (Score 5 - 29)

#### **Enthusiasts to awaken**

10% of companies (Score 0 - 4)

#### Lack of interest in the climate

40% of companies

The statistics are drawn from the Greenly supplier and customer database, which includes several thousand companies of all sizes, sectors and geographies. For more similar statistics, consult the CDP corporate climate tracker.



# The intermediate Greenly Climate Score of Baxter Freight is 24 points

Points are distributed as follows:

Creating & fine-tuning the Greenhouse Gas report: 24/40

Action plans: **0**/36 Climate targets: **0**/4

Involving your teams: **0**/10 Carbon contributions: **0**/10

The Score will be updated at the Climate Strategy follow-up meeting.

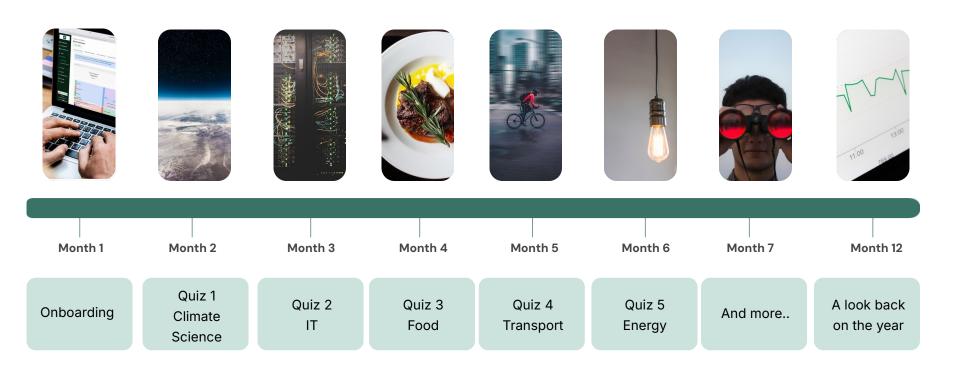
More information on the Score calculation method <u>here</u> Statistics were computed on the Greenly supplier database





# I Engaging employees on Climate Change

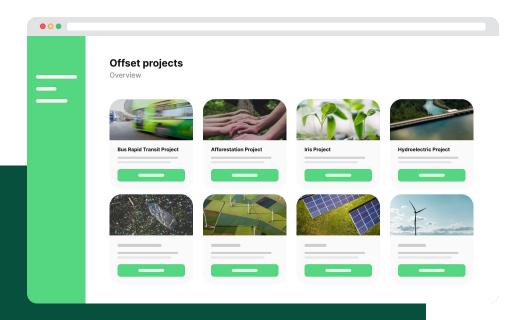
**OUR MONTHLY TRAININGS** 





# Net Zero Contribution - What to Expect

SOURCING ONLY VERIFIED & CERTIFIED PROJECTS



### **Ensure projects are certified**

We source projects that meet criteria of additionality, permanence, auditability and measurability

#### **Contribute to Net Zero**

Ensure you are responsible for more emissions capture that what your organization is emitting



riverse

Gold Standard



## Become a Referral Partner

Refer customers to Greenly and use your commissions to reduce the cost of your future GHG reports.

10% 15%

Commission or partner discounts directly more advantageous for Greenly customers.



#### COMMUNICATE

Leverage our resources to communicate to your network



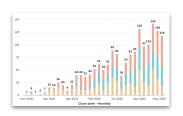
#### **REFER LEADS**

Send leads to the Greenly Sales Team



#### **EARN REVENUE**

Receive quarterly payments for your business and amortize the cost of your future reports



greenly



# About Greenly



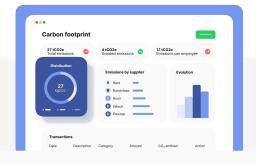
# The Greenly Vision

MAKING CARBON ANALYTICS UNIVERSAL



# CARBON FOOTPRINT APP & API

First carbon fintech app launched



# CARBON ACCOUNTING SOFTWARE

Launch B2B SaaS for SME Carbon Footprint (GHG Protocol)



#### **CLIMATE APP STORE**

Introducing the first Climate App Store in 2023



# | Building up a global tech leader to scale carbon accounting

FOUNDER VISION: HELPING ALL COMPANIES START THEIR CLIMATE JOURNEY TO FAST-TRACK THE ENERGY TRANSITION







**Arnaud Delubac** CMO & Co-Founder

Alexis Normand CEO & Co-Founder

Matthieu Vegreville CTO & Co-Founder

INSEEC, Essec - Centrale Digital Comm at Prime Minister Office, & Ministry of Digital

2018-2019

HEC, Sciences-Po Ex Head of B2B & Boston Office at Withings, Techstar w/Embleema Ecole Polytechnique -Telecom Ex Data Science & B2B SaaS at Withings



withings 2013-2018

techstars\_ 2018-2019

**Everyone should strive to achieve Net-Zero, not just the elite.**Consumers want all companies to implement sustainable changes

**Greenly is instigating a bottom-up climate revolution** making it simple for all companies & employees to start their climate journey

**Working with our initial 1,000 customers**, we see that early adoption of carbon initiatives boosts growth and profitability, while helping companies start their climate journey

**As regulations make carbon disclosure mandatory**, Greenly is building highly-scalable tech to address the enormous influx of mid-market businesses joining the energy transition.

**Greenly's product-led growth** rests on three pillars: 1- a tech-enabled end-to-end carbon platform; 2- an outstanding UX to cultivate a growing community of climate leaders: 3- Lastly, a global ecosystem of partners who leverage Greenly to scale carbon accounting over their network.





# I Greenly is the world's fastest growing carbon management platform

WE ARE SCALING OUR TECH, OUR CUSTOMERS BASE & CLIMATE TEAM

#### 150+

Team with Climate Experts Data Scientists, Data analysts, Data Engineers, DevOps Engineers

#### 1000+

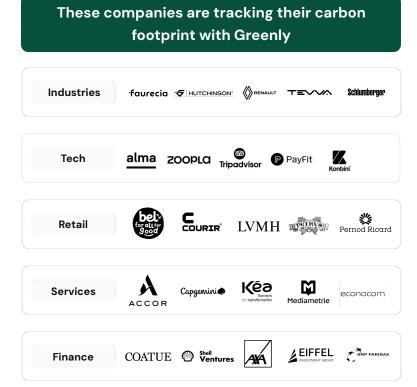
Customers in Tech, Industry, Energy, Logistics, Construction, Real Estate etc.

#### 50k

Emissions sources aggregated from customers & industry databases

#### 10+

Geographies covered with customers in the US, UK, France, Italy, Germany, Nordics...





## | Scientific council

**INDUSTRY, AI & EXPERTS CLIMAT** 









Nicolas HOUDANT



Peter FOXPENNER



Pr. Yann LEROY



Pr.Antoine DECHEZLEPRÊTRE



Pr. Rodolphe DURAND

Sociologist
HEC
Corporate
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CEO Énergies demain Ex GreenNext Professor
BU University
Electricity grids
& Carbon expert

Centrale-Supelec
Carbon Product
Life-Cycle

**Professeur** 

Professeur
LSE
Climate change
policies

Professeur
HEC
Corporation
transformation





# Appendix



# Scope 1&2



Scope	Name	tCO2e
1.1	Generation of electricity, heat or steam	0
1.2	Transportation of materials, products, waste, and employees	14
1.3	Physical or chemical processing	0
1.4	Fugitive emissions	3
2.1	Electricity related indirect emissions	42
2.2	Steam, heat and cooling related indirect	0







Scope	Name	tCO2e
3.1	Purchased goods and services	139
3.2	Capital goods	2
3.3	Fuel- and energy- related activities not included in Scope 1 or Scope 2	16
3.4	Upstream transportation and distribution	3460
3.5	Waste generated in operations	11
3.6	Business travel	42
3.7	Employee commuting	91
3.8	Upstream leased assets	145
3.9	Downstream transportation and distribution	0
3.10	Processing of sold products	0
3.11	Use of sold products	0
3.12	End-of-life treatment of sold products	0
3.13	Downstream leased assets	0
3.14	Franchises	0
3.15	Investments	0
4.1	Other emissions - Emissions from biomass (soil and forests)	0



# Scope 1&2



Scope	tCO2e	tCO2b	CO2f*	CH4f*	CH4b*	N2O*	Other GHGs*
1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1.2	14	0	10	1	0.3	3	0
1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1.4	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
2.1	42	0	35	2	2	2	0
2.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0





# Scope 3 Grow & Stow & ×

	<b>Scope</b> 3.1	<b>tCO2e</b>	<b>tCO2b</b>	<b>CO2f*</b>	<b>CH4f*</b>	<b>CH4b*</b>	<b>N2O*</b>	Other GHGs*
	3.2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
	3.3	16	0	11	3	0.2	1	0
	3.4	3460	0	3004	237	0	219	0
	3.5	11	0	8	0.8	0	2	0
	3.6	42	0	36	3	0	3	0
	3.7	91	0	85	3	0.05	3	0.06
U.	3.8	145	0	145	0	0	0	0
	3.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
L	3.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	3.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4.1	0	0	0	0	0	0 SAXTER FREIGH	greenly
							DAXIEK FREIGI	71

<sup>\*</sup> Results expressed in tons of CO2e



# greenly

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